

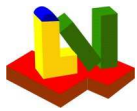
# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

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## Layout

Input values:	1.234	or	1.234
Calculated values:	1.234	or	1.234
Critical values:	1.234	or	1.234
Estimated values:	1.234	or	1.234



## ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

### Comparison - Form for equations

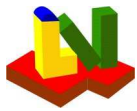
#### Equation form

#### Comment

Results for example E4.3 acc. ASME and Lauterbach Verfahrenstechnik GmbH (LV)  
The LV-program uses formulas for thick Shells acc. ASME VIII Div.1 UG27/32 and App.1.

#### Equations

		Value
Conversion factor	$mm2in = 0.03937$	0.03937
.	$MPa2psi = 145.037$	145
'Results Ex. E4.3.1 LV and ASME		0
Required thickness t acc. LV	$t1 = mm2in * \#6(1)$	0.8119
Required thickness tc ASME	$tc1Asme = 0.8119$	0.8119
Difference in %	$Diff1 = (t1 - tc1Asme) / tc1Asme * 100$	-6.9e-4
'Results Ex. E4.3.2 LV and ASME		0
Required thickness acc. LV	$t2 = mm2in * \#15(7)$	1.446
Required thickness ASME	$tc2Asme = 1.448$	1.448
Difference in %	$Diff2 = (t2 - tc2Asme) / tc2Asme * 100$	-0.1055
'Results Ex. E4.3.3 LV and ASME		0
Required thickness t acc. LV	$t3 = mm2in * \#25(8)$	3.726
Required thickness tc ASME	$tc3Asme = 3.726$	3.726
Difference in %	$Diff3 = (t3 - tc3Asme) / tc3Asme * 100$	0.01141
'Results Ex. E4.3.4 LV and ASME		0
Allowable Pressure P acc. LV	$P4 = MPa2psi * \#16(5)$	135.4
Allowable Pressure P ASME	$P4Asme = 135.302$	135.3
Difference in %	$Diff4 = (P4 - P4Asme) / P4Asme * 100$	0.0861
'Results Ex. E4.3.5 LV and ASME		0
Allowable Pressure P acc. LV	$P5 = MPa2psi * \#16(9)$	442.6
Allowable Pressure P ASME	$P5Asme = 442.233$	442.2
Difference in %	$Diff5 = (P5 - P5Asme) / P5Asme * 100$	0.07557
'Maximum difference between LV and ASME		0
$Dmax = \text{Max}( Diff1 ;  Diff2 ;  Diff3 ;  Diff4 ;  Diff5 )$		0.1055



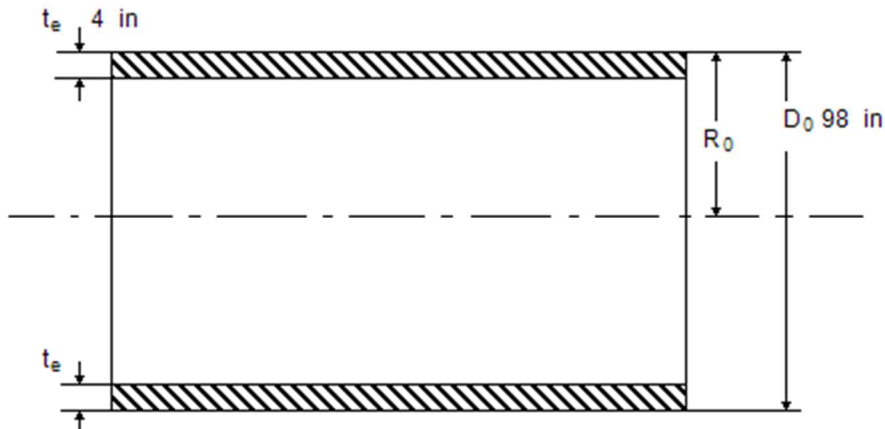
# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## E4.3.1 - Thickness of shells under internal pressure ASME BPVC VIII UG-27 & APPENDIX-1, 2017 Edition

### Cylindrical shells

Design pressure  
Hydrostatic head  
Calculation pressure  
Calculation temperature

$p_D$  356 psi  
 $D_p$  0 psi  
 $p_0$  356 psi  
 $T_0$  300 °F



Outside diameter  
Design wall thickness  
Wall thickness allowance  
Allowance (corrosion)  
Weld joint efficiency  
Circumferential weld joint efficiency for Eq. 2

$D_0$  98 in  
 $t_e$  4 in  
 $c_1$  0.125 in  
 $c_2$  0 in  
 $E$  1  
 $E_c$

Material K02700-SA-516-70-Class:-Size:

Allowable stress

$S$  20000 psi

### Results

Outside radius  
Effective thickness

$R_0$  49 in  
 $t_0$  3.875 in

Calculation as thin shell is applicable

Required thickness

**thin shell acc. UG-27**

thick shell (not applicable)

Minimum wall thickness acc. UG-16

Required wall thickness for circumferential seam

$t = \text{Max}\{\text{Min}[t(R); t(R_0)], t_{UG-16}\}$

with allowances

$t(R_0)$  0.866 in  
0.8645 in

**Yes**  
 $t(R)$

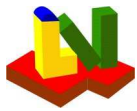
0.8119 in  
0.8104 in  
 $t_{UG-16}$  0.05906 in  
 $t_{long}$  in  
 $t$  0.8119 in  
 $t+c_1+c_2$  0.9369 in

Allowable excess pressure

Allowable excess pressure for longitudinal stress for Eq. (2)

Allowable excess pressure without hydrostatic head

$P$  1633 psi  
 $P_{long}$  psi  
MAWP 1633 psi



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## For calculation of openings according to UG-37

Required thickness

$$t(E=1) \quad \mathbf{0.8119} \text{ in}$$

Allowable unreinforced opening diameter  $d_A$  for welded, brazed, and flued connections acc. UG 36(c)3

$$\begin{aligned} d_A &\leq 89 \text{ mm for } t \leq 10 \text{ mm} & \text{or} & & d_A &\leq 3 \frac{1}{2} \text{ in for } t \leq \frac{3}{8} \text{ in} \\ d_A &\leq 60 \text{ mm for } t > 10 \text{ mm} & \text{or} & & d_A &\leq 2 \frac{3}{8} \text{ in for } t > \frac{3}{8} \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

For a vessel thickness  $> 2 \cdot t(E=1) + c_1 + c_2$ , the reinforcement of the vessel alone is sufficient for unreinforced openings, unless additional conditions acc. to UG-37 apply.

## Equations

$$P_0 = 0.1 \cdot p_0 = 0.1 \cdot 24.55 \text{ bar} = 24.55 \text{ bar}$$

$$R_0 = \frac{D_0}{2} = \frac{2489 \text{ mm}}{2} = 1245 \text{ mm}$$

$$t + c_1 + c_2 = t + c_1 + c_2 = 20.62 \text{ mm} + 3.175 \text{ mm} + 0 \text{ mm} = 23.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{corroded inside radius} \quad R &= R_0 - t_0 = 1245 \text{ mm} - 98.42 \text{ mm} = 1146 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

1) Thin shell For

$$P_0 \leq 0.385 \cdot S \cdot E \Leftrightarrow 24.55 \text{ bar} \leq 53.09 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

and

with the inside radius  $R$

$$t_e \leq \frac{(R_0 - t_e)}{2} \Leftrightarrow 101.6 \text{ mm} \leq 571.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$t(R) = \frac{P_0 \cdot R}{S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P_0} = \frac{24.55 \text{ bar} \cdot 1146 \text{ mm}}{137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 24.55 \text{ bar}} = 20.62 \text{ mm} \quad \text{UG-27 (1)}$$

$$P(R) = \frac{S \cdot E \cdot t_0}{R + 0.6 \cdot t_0} = \frac{137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 98.42 \text{ mm}}{1146 \text{ mm} + 0.6 \cdot 98.42 \text{ mm}} = 11.26 \text{ MPa} \quad \text{UG-27 (1)}$$

or with the outside radius  $R_0$

$$t(R_0) = \frac{P_0 \cdot R_0}{S \cdot E + 0.4 \cdot P_0} = \frac{24.55 \text{ bar} \cdot 1245 \text{ mm}}{137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 + 0.4 \cdot 24.55 \text{ bar}} = 22 \text{ mm} \quad \text{App. 1-1 (1)}$$

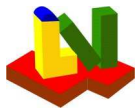
$$P(R_0) = \frac{S \cdot E \cdot t_0}{R_0 - 0.4 \cdot t_0} = \frac{137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 98.42 \text{ mm}}{1245 \text{ mm} - 0.4 \cdot 98.42 \text{ mm}} = 11.26 \text{ MPa} \quad \text{App. 1-1 (1)}$$

$$\text{Log}(x) = \text{Ln}(x)$$

Longitudinal Stress (Circumferential Joints)

$$t_{long} = \frac{P_0 \cdot R}{2 \cdot S \cdot E_c + 0.4 \cdot P_0} = \frac{24.55 \text{ bar} \cdot 1146 \text{ mm}}{2 \cdot 137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot E_c + 0.4 \cdot 24.55 \text{ bar}} = t_{long} \quad \text{UG-27 (2)}$$

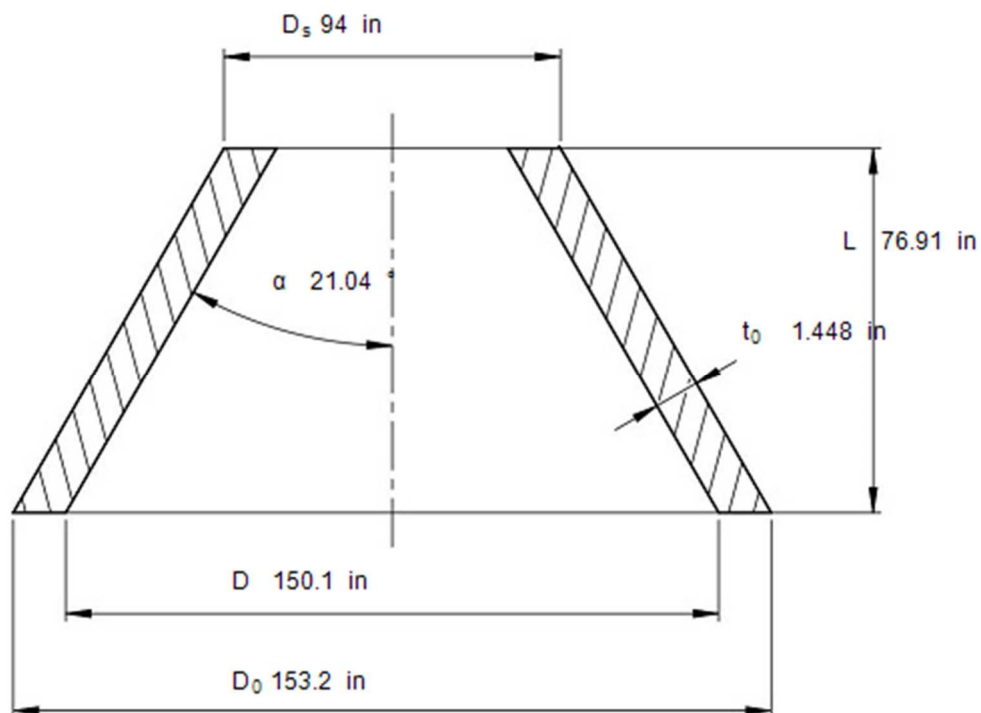
$$P_{long} = \frac{2 \cdot S \cdot E_c \cdot t_0}{R - 0.4 \cdot t_0} = \frac{2 \cdot 137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot E_c \cdot 98.42 \text{ mm}}{1146 \text{ mm} - 0.4 \cdot 98.42 \text{ mm}} = P_{long} \quad \text{UG-27 (2)}$$



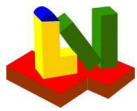
## E4.3.2 - Dished heads and cones under internal pressure ASME VIII UG-32 and APPENDIX-1 BPVC 2017 Edition

### Conical sections without knuckle acc. to UG-32(f)

Design pressure	$p_D$	356 psi
Hydrostatic head	$D_p$	0 psi
Calculation pressure	$p_0$	356 psi
Calculation temperature	$T_0$	300 °F
Final wall thickness	$t_e$	1.573 in
Wall thickness allowance	$c_1$	0 in
Allowance (corrosion)	$c_2$	0.125 in
Effective thickness without allowances	$t_0$	1.448 in



Half-apex angle ( $\leq 30^\circ$ without knuckle)	$\alpha$	21.04 °
Outside diameter at the large end	$D_0$	153.2 in
Inside diameter at the large end	$D$	150.1 in
Outside diameter at the small end	$D_s$	94 in
Cone length	$L$	76.91 in
Weld joint efficiency factor	$E$	1
Material		
Allowable stress	$S$	20000 psi



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## Calculation

Required thickness	t	1.446	in
incl. allowances (t <sub>e</sub> )	t+	1.571	in
Allowable excess pressure incl. hydrost. head	P	356.4	psi
Allowable excess pressure without hydrostatic Head	MAWP	356.4	psi

Remark

Geometrical conditions

**valid**

Strength condition

**Wall thickness acceptable**

## For calculation of openings according to UG-37(a) in nomenclature for t<sub>r</sub>

Design diameter according to UG-37(a):tr(b)	D <sub>1</sub>	in
Required thickness	t(E=1)	in

## Equations according to UG-32(g)

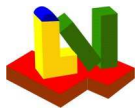
$$\cos(\alpha) = \cos(\alpha) \Leftrightarrow \cos(21.04^\circ) = 0.9333$$

$$D = D_0 - 2 \cdot \frac{t_0}{\cos(\alpha)} = 3891 \text{ mm} - 2 \cdot \frac{36.78 \text{ mm}}{0.9333} = 3812 \text{ mm}$$

$$t = \frac{P_0 \cdot D}{2 \cdot \cos(\alpha) \cdot (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P_0)} = \frac{24.55 \text{ bar} \cdot 3812 \text{ mm}}{2 \cdot 0.9333 \cdot (137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 24.55 \text{ bar})} = 36.74 \text{ mm}$$

$$P = \frac{2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t_0 \cdot \cos(\alpha)}{D + 1.2 \cdot t_0 \cdot \cos(\alpha)} = \frac{2 \cdot 137.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 36.78 \text{ mm} \cdot 0.9333}{3812 \text{ mm} + 1.2 \cdot 36.78 \text{ mm} \cdot 0.9333} = 2.457 \text{ MPa}$$

Rem.: App.1-5(d) or (e) indicates if a reinforcement ring is required.



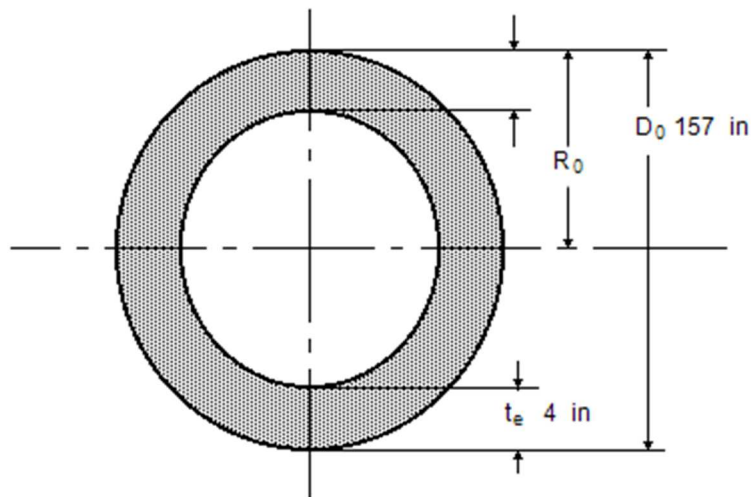
# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## E4.3.3 - Thickness of shells under internal pressure ASME BPVC VIII UG-27 & APPENDIX-1, 2017 Edition

### Spherical shells

Design pressure  
Hydrostatic head  
Calculation pressure  
Calculation temperature

$p_D$  2080 psi  
 $D_p$  0 psi  
 $p_0$  **2080** psi  
 $T_0$  850 °F



Outside diameter  
Design wall thickness  
Wall thickness allowance  
Allowance (corrosion)  
Weld joint efficiency

$D_0$  157 in  
 $t_e$  4 in  
 $c_1$  0 in  
 $c_2$  0 in  
 $E$  1 -

Material K31835-SA-542-D-Class:4a-Size:

Allowable stress

$S$  **21000** psi

### Results

Outside radius  
Effective thickness

$R_0$  **78.5** in  
 $t_0$  **4** in

Calculation as thin shell is applicable

Required thickness

**thin shell acc. UG-27**

thick shell (not applicable)

$t(R_0)$

**3.739** in

**3.793** in

**Yes**

$t(R)$

**3.726** in

**3.782** in

Minimum wall thickness acc. UG-16

Minimum  $t = \text{Max}\{\text{Min}[t(R); t(R_0)], t_{UG-16}\}$   
with allowances

$t_{UG-16}$  0.05906 in

$t$  **3.726** in

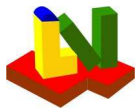
$t+c_1+c_2$  **3.726** in

Allowable excess pressure

$P$  **2231** psi

Allowable excess pressure without hydrostatic head

MAWP **2231** psi



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## For calculation of openings according to UG-37

Minimum required thickness for openings

$$t(E=1) \quad \mathbf{3.726} \text{ in}$$

Allowable unreinforced opening diameter dA for welded, brazed, and flued connections acc. UG 36(c)3

$$\begin{array}{ll} dA \leq 89 \text{ mm for } t \leq 10 \text{ mm} & \text{or} \quad dA \leq 3 \frac{1}{2} \text{ in for } t \leq \frac{3}{8} \text{ in} \\ dA \leq 60 \text{ mm for } t > 10 \text{ mm} & \text{or} \quad dA \leq 2 \frac{3}{8} \text{ in for } t > \frac{3}{8} \text{ in} \end{array}$$

For a vessel thickness  $> 2 \cdot t(E=1) + c_1 + c_2$ , the reinforcement of the vessel alone is sufficient for unreinforced openings, unless additional conditions acc. to UG-37 apply.

## Equations

$$P_0 = 0.1 \cdot p_0 = 0.1 \cdot 143.4 \text{ bar} = 14.34 \text{ bar}$$

$$R_0 = \frac{D_0}{2} = \frac{3988 \text{ mm}}{2} = 1994 \text{ mm}$$

$$94.65 \text{ mm} = 94.65 \text{ mm} + 0 \text{ mm} + 0 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{corroded inside} & R = R_0 - t_0 = 1994 \text{ mm} - 101.6 \text{ mm} = 1892 \text{ mm} \\ \text{radius} & \end{array}$$

1) Thin shell For

$$P_0 \leq 0.665 \cdot S \cdot E \Leftrightarrow 14.34 \text{ bar} \leq 97.29 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

and

$$t_e \leq 0.356 \cdot (R_0 - t_e) \Leftrightarrow 101.6 \text{ mm} \leq 673.7 \text{ mm}$$

with the inside radius R

$$t(R) = \frac{P_0 \cdot R}{2 \cdot S \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P_0} = \frac{14.34 \text{ bar} \cdot 1892 \text{ mm}}{2 \cdot 144.8 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 - 0.2 \cdot 14.34 \text{ bar}} = 94.65 \text{ mm} \quad \text{UG-27 (3)}$$

$$P(R) = \frac{2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t_0}{R + 0.2 \cdot t_0} = \frac{2 \cdot 144.8 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 101.6 \text{ mm}}{1892 \text{ mm} + 0.2 \cdot 101.6 \text{ mm}} = 15.38 \text{ MPa} \quad \text{UG-27 (3)}$$

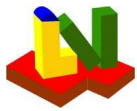
or with the outside radius  $R_0$

$$t(R_0) = \frac{P_0 \cdot R_0}{2 \cdot S \cdot E + 0.8 \cdot t_0} = \frac{14.34 \text{ bar} \cdot 1994 \text{ mm}}{2 \cdot 144.8 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 + 0.8 \cdot 14.34 \text{ bar}} = 94.98 \text{ mm} \quad \text{App. 1-1 (2)}$$

$$P(R_0) = \frac{2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t_0}{R_0 - 0.8 \cdot t_0} = \frac{2 \cdot 144.8 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 101.6 \text{ mm}}{1994 \text{ mm} - 0.8 \cdot 101.6 \text{ mm}} = 15.38 \text{ MPa} \quad \text{App. 1-1 (2)}$$

$$\text{Log}(x) = \text{Ln}(x)$$





### E4.3.4 - Dished heads and cones under internal pressure ASME VIII UG-32 and APPENDIX-1 BPVC 2017 Edition

#### Type of head

(1=Kloepfer-, 2=Korbbogen-, 3=Torispherical, 4=Hemispherical, 5=Elliptical 2:1)

3

#### Torispherical

Design pressure

$p_D$  136 psi

Hydrostatic head

$D_p$  0 psi

Calculation pressure

$p_0$  136 psi

Calculation temperature

$T_0$  650 °F

Final wall thickness

$t_e$  0.625 in

Wall thickness allowance

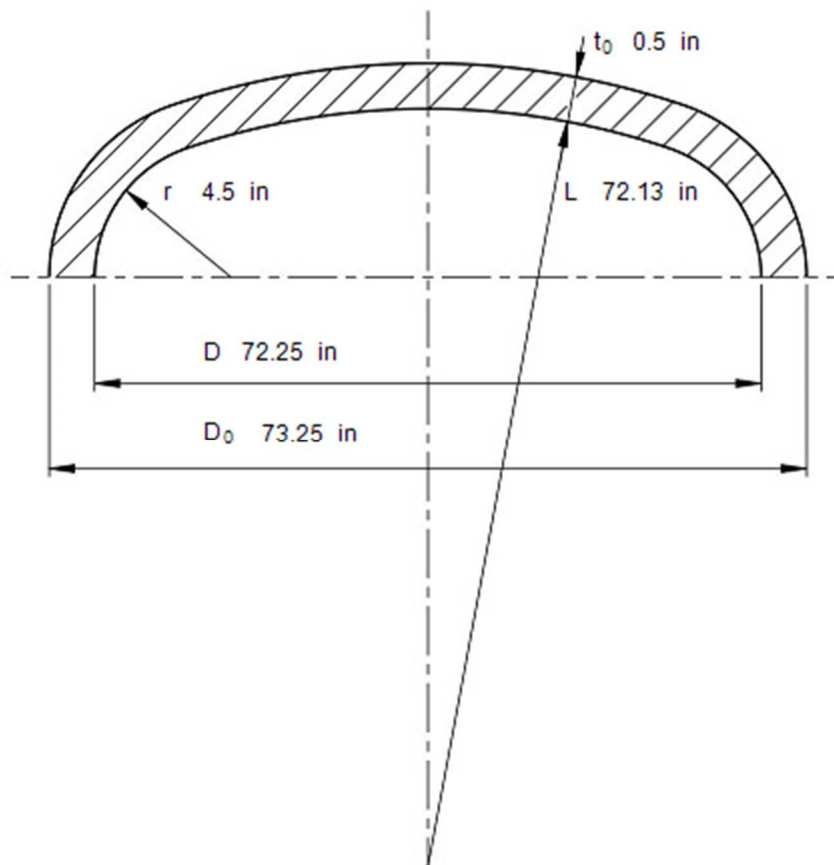
$c_1$  0 in

Allowance (corrosion)

$c_2$  0.125 in

Effective thickness without allowances

$t_0$  0.5 in



Outside diameter of cylindrical shell

$D_0$  73.25 in

Inside diameter of cylindrical shell

(=  $D_0 - 2t_0$ )  $D$  72.25 in

Outside crown radius

$L_0$  72.63 in

Outside crown radius with allowances

$L_1$  1848 mm

Inside crown radius

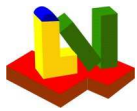
(=  $L_0 - t_0$ )  $L$  72.13 in

Knuckle radius

$r$  4.5 in

Weld joint efficiency

$E$  1



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## Material data

Material K11789-SA-387-11-Class:1-Size:

Elasticity modulus	$E_T$	2.66e+7 psi
Elastic limit	$S_y$	26948 psi
Reduce allowable*) stress for $R_{m20} > 485$ MPa?	Yes	(Yes/No)
Tensile strength at 20°C	$R_{m20}$	60190 psi
Allowable stress		
at working temperature acc. ASME-table	$S_T$	17114 psi
at 20°C	$S_{20}$	17100 psi
acc. UG-32(e) or App. 1-4(c)	$S$	17114 psi

\*) According to App. 1-4(c), the allowable stress must be reduced to  $138 \cdot S_T / S_{20}$  (=20 ksi\*...) for  $R_{m20} > 485$  MPa (70 ksi).

## Calculation

Ratio	$L/r$	16.03
Factor	$M$	1.751
Required thickness without allowance	$t$	0.5021 in
incl. allowances ( $t_e$ 0.625 in $\geq t$ )	$t_+$	0.6271 in
Allowable excess pressure incl. hydrost. head	$P$	135.4 psi
Allowable excess pressure without hydrostatic Head	MAWP	135.4 psi

Geometrical conditions

valid

Strength condition

Final wall thickness 15,875 < 15,9296 = required thickness

Required thickness for openings acc. to UG-37(a) in nomenclature for  $t_r$

Using UG-32 with $E=1$	$t(E=1)$	0.5021 in
acc. section (a) in the crown region	$t_1(E=1)$	0.2868 in

Allowable unreinforced opening diameter  $d_A$  for welded, brazed, and flued connections acc. UG 36(c)3

$$d_A \leq 89 \text{ mm (3.5 in.) for } t \leq 10 \text{ mm (3/8 in.)}$$

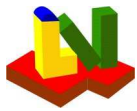
$$d_A \leq 60 \text{ mm (2 3/8 in.) for } t > 10 \text{ mm (3/8 in.)}$$

Remark

## Equations

$$t = \frac{P_0 \cdot L \cdot M}{2 \cdot S \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P_0} = \frac{9.377 \text{ bar} \cdot 1832 \text{ mm} \cdot 1.751}{2 \cdot 118 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 - 0.2 \cdot 9.377 \text{ bar}} = 12.75 \text{ mm}$$

$$P = \frac{2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t_0}{L \cdot M + 0.2 \cdot t_0} = \frac{2 \cdot 118 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 12.7 \text{ mm}}{1832 \text{ mm} \cdot 1.751 + 0.2 \cdot 12.7 \text{ mm}} = 0.9337 \text{ MPa}$$



**ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017**  
**E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013**

**For openings in the crown region with**

Opening diameter

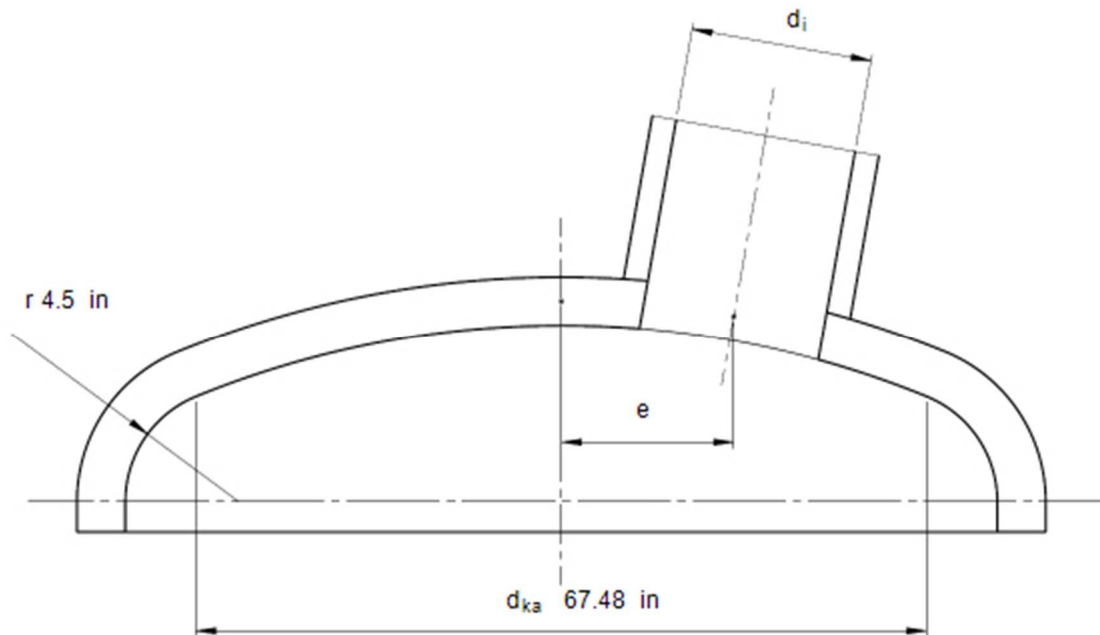
$d_i$

in

Distance between opening center and head center

$e$

in



Available reinforcement width acc. UG37

Available reinforcement width of the crown

$b'$

in

Diameter of the crown region

$d_{ka}$

**67.48** in

Angle of the knuckle region

**62.24** °

Arc length of the knuckle region

$b''$

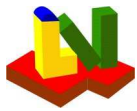
**5.567** in

$$d_{ka} = (2 \cdot L + t_e) \cdot (D/2 - r) / (L - r)$$

$$\phi = \arccos((D/2 - r) / (L - r))$$

$$b' = (d_{ka} - d_i) / 2 - e$$

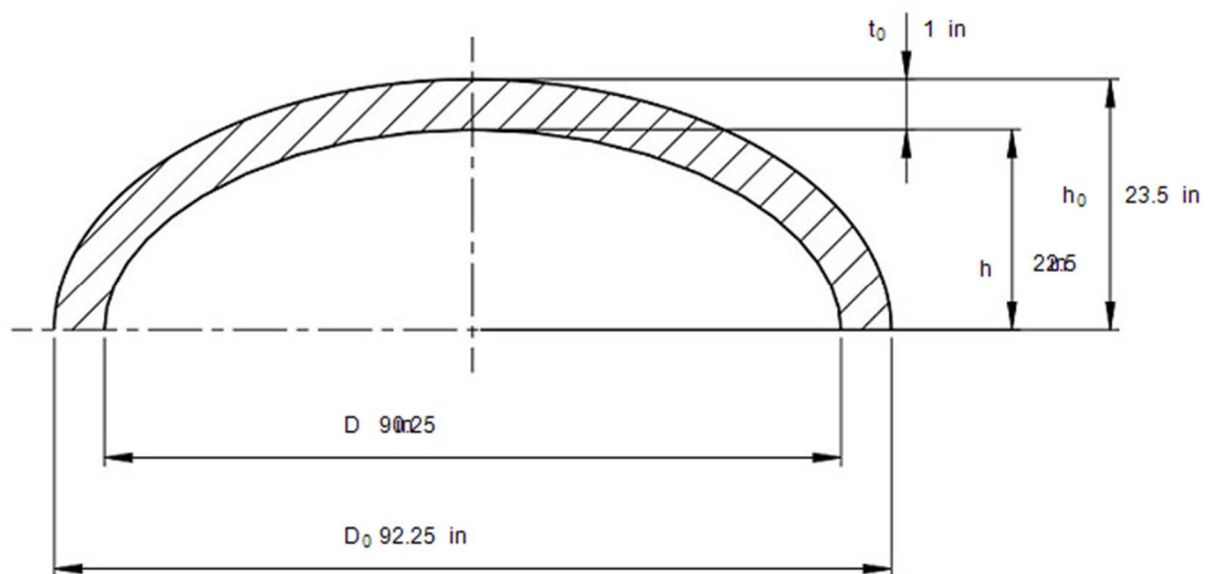
$$b'' = (r + t_e) \cdot \phi$$



## E4.3.5 - Dished heads and cones under internal pressure ASME VIII UG-32 and APPENDIX-1 BPVC 2017 Edition

### Ellipsoidal heads acc. UG-32(c) and Appendix 1-4(f)

Design pressure	$p_D$	442.2 psi
Hydrostatic head	$D_p$	0 psi
Calculation pressure	$p_0$	442.2 psi
Calculation temperature	$T_0$	300 °F
Final wall thickness	$t_e$	1.125 in
Wall thickness allowance	$c_1$	0 in
Allowance (corrosion)	$c_2$	0.125 in
Effective thickness without allowances	$t_0$	1 in



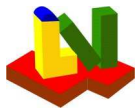
Outside diameter of cylindrical shell	$D_0$	92.25 in
Inside diameter of cylindrical shell ( $= D_0 - 2t_0$ )	$D$	90.25 in
Outer height of head	$h_0$	23.5 in
Inside depth of head (minor semi-axis $= h_0 - t_0$ )	$h$	22.5 in
Weld joint efficiency	$E$	1

### Material data

Material	K02700-SA-516-70-Class:-Size:	
Elasticity modulus	$E_T$	2.829e+7 psi
Elastic limit	$S_y$	33668 psi
Reduce allowable*) stress for $R_{m20} > 485$ MPa?	Yes	(Yes/No)
Tensile strength at 20°C	$R_{m20}$	70343 psi
Allowable stress		
at working temperature acc. ASME-table	$S_T$	20015 psi
at 20°C	$S_{20}$	20000 psi
acc. UG-32(e) or App. 1-4(c)	$S$	20015 psi
*) According to App. 1-4(c), the allowable stress must be reduced to $138 * S_T / S_{20}$ ( $= 20$ ksi*...) for $R_{m20} > 485$ MPa (70 ksi).		

### Results

Ratio	$D/2h$	2
Factor	$K$	1
Factor $K_1$ acc. Table UG-37	$K_1$	0.9
Required thickness	$t$	0.9992 in
incl. allowances ( $t_e$ 1.125 in $\geq t$ )	$t_e$	1.124 in
Allowable excess pressure incl. hydrostatic Head	$P$	442.6 psi
Allowable excess pressure without hydrostatic Head	MAWP	442.6 psi



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E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

**Required thickness for openings acc. to UG-37(a) in nomenclature for  $t_r$**

Using UG-32 with  $E=1$

Section (c) in the centre circle ( $< 0.8 \cdot D$ )

Equivalent spherical diameter  $2 \cdot K_1 \cdot D_0$

$t(E=1)$  **0.9992** in

$t_1(E=1)$  **0.8993** in

$D_s$  **168.3** in

Geometrical conditions

**valid**

Strength

**Wall thickness acceptable**

Allowable unreinforced opening diameter  $d_A$  for welded, brazed, and flued connections acc. UG 36(c)3

$d_A \leq 89 \text{ mm (3.5 in.)}$  for  $t \leq 10 \text{ mm (3/8 in.)}$

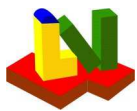
$d_A \leq 60 \text{ mm (2 3/8 in.)}$  for  $t > 10 \text{ mm (3/8 in.)}$

Remark

**Equations according to UG-32**

$$t = \frac{P_0 \cdot D \cdot K}{2 \cdot S \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P_0} = \frac{30.49 \text{ bar} \cdot 2292 \text{ mm} \cdot 1}{2 \cdot 138 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 - 0.2 \cdot 30.49 \text{ bar}} = 25.38 \text{ mm}$$

$$P = \frac{2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t_0}{K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t_0} = \frac{2 \cdot 138 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 25.4 \text{ mm}}{1 \cdot 2292 \text{ mm} + 0.2 \cdot 25.4 \text{ mm}} = 3.051 \text{ MPa}$$



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## Appendix: Material documentation

Section 2: Schale/UG27

### Material specification:

Regulation: ASMET1A:2017Spec. No.: SA-516 Product: Plate  
Material code: K02700-SA-516-70-Class:-Size: Short name: Carbon steel

### Design conditions and dimensions:

Temperature [°C]: 148,8889 Pressure [bar]: 24,55  
Thickness [mm]: 101,6 Outside diameter [mm]: 2489,2

### Material values for test and design conditions:

	Test condition	Operating condition
Nominal design strength [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]:	138,00	138,00
Safety factor:	1,00	1,00
Allowable stress [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]:	138,00	138,00
Modulus of elasticity [kN/mm <sup>2</sup> ]:	202	195,0667

### Notes:

G10 General Requirements

Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above 425°C, the carbide phase of carbon steel may be converted to graphite. See Nonmandatory Appendix A, A-201 and A-202.

### S1 Size Requirements

For Section I applications, stress values at temperatures of 450°C and above are permissible but, except for tubular products 75 mm O.D. or less enclosed within the boiler setting, use of these materials at these temperatures is not current practice.

### T2 Time-Dependent Properties

Allowable stresses for temperatures of 400°C and above are values obtained from time-dependent properties.

--

Creep rupture strength for 100000 h [MPa]:

### Tensile strength and yield stress at ambient temperature:

Diam./.....	Tensile str....	.....	ReH.....	Rupture.....	Rupture.....
Thickn.....	Rm min.....	Rm max.....	.....	elong.....	elong.....
<= mm.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	längs %.....	quer %.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn...	50°C.....	100°C.....	150°C.....	200°C.....	250°C.....	300°C.....	350°C.....	400°C.....
<= mm...	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....
.....	.....	138.....	138.....	138.....	138.....	136.....	128.....	101.....

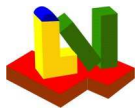
K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn.....	450°C.....	500°C.....	550°C.....	600°C.....	650°C.....	700°C.....	800°C.....	.....
<= mm.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	.....
.....	67.1.....	33.6.....	12.9.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

### Modulus of elasticity in dependence of the temperature:

Static modulus of elasticity in [kN/mm<sup>2</sup>] at the temperature of

-75...	-200...	-125...	25...	100...	150...	200...	250...	300...	350...	400...	450...	500...	550...
209...	216...	212...	202...	198...	195...	192...	189...	185...	179...	171...	162...	151...	137...



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## Coefficient of linear expansion:

Thermal coefficient of expansion between 20°C and

Density (20 °C)	100°C..	200°C..	300°C..	400°C..	500°C..	600°C..	700°C..	800°C..	Heat...	Heat...
kg/dm³	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	W/Km...	capac...
7,85...	12,1...	12,7...	13,3...	13,8...	14,4...	...	...	...	...	...

Section 4: Schale/UG27

## Material specification:

Regulation: ASMET1A:2017Spec. No.: SA-542 Product: Plate  
Material code: K31835-SA-542-D-Class:4a-Size: Short name: 2.25Cr-1Mo-V

## Design conditions and dimensions:

Temperature [°C]: 454,44 Pressure [bar]: 143,41  
Thickness [mm]: 101,6 Outside diameter [mm]: 3987,8

## Material values for test and design conditions:

	Test condition	Operating condition
Nominal design strength [N/mm²]:	168,00	144,29
Safety factor:	1,00	1,00
Allowable stress [N/mm²]:	168,00	144,29
Modulus of elasticity [kN/mm²]:	200	149,5062

## Notes:

--  
Creep rupture strength for 100000 h [MPa]:

## Tensile strength and yield stress at ambient temperature:

Diam./...	Tensile str...	...	ReH.....	Rupture.....	Rupture.....
Thick.....	Rm min.....	Rm max.....	.....	elong.....	elong.....
<= mm.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	längs %.....	quer %.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn...	50°C.....	100°C.....	150°C.....	200°C.....	250°C.....	300°C.....	350°C.....	400°C.....
<= mm...	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....
.....	.....	168.....	168.....	168.....	168.....	165.....	159.....	153.....

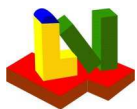
K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn.....	450°C.....	500°C.....	550°C.....	600°C.....	650°C.....	700°C.....	800°C.....	.....
<= mm.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....
.....	145.....	137.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

## Modulus of elasticity in dependence of the temperature:

Static modulus of elasticity in [kN/mm²] at the temperature of

260.....	370.....	480.....	425.....	20.....	150.....
186.....	169.....	143.....	157.....	200.....	200.....



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017

## E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

### Coefficient of linear expansion:

Thermal coefficient of expansion between 20°C and

Density (20 °C)	100°C..	200°C..	300°C..	400°C..	500°C..	600°C..	700°C..	800°C..	Heat...	Heat...
kg/dm³	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	W/Km...	J/kgK...
	12,1...	12,7...	13,3...	13,8...	14,4...	...	...	...	...	...

Section 5: Boden/UG32

### Material specification:

Regulation: ASMET1A:2017Spec. No.: SA-387 Product: Plate  
Material code: K11789-SA-387-11-Class:1-Size: Short name: 1.25Cr-0.5Mo-Si

### Design conditions and dimensions:

Temperature [°C]: 343,33 Pressure [bar]: 0  
Thickness [mm]: 15,88 Outside diameter [mm]: 1860,55

### Material values for test and design conditions:

	Test condition	Operating condition
Nominal design strength [N/mm²]:	118,00	118,00
Safety factor:	1,00	1,00
Allowable stress [N/mm²]:	118,00	118,00
Modulus of elasticity [kN/mm²]:	204	183,4002

Notes:

S4 Size Requirements

For Section I applications, stress values at temperatures of 625°C and above are permissible but, except for tubular products 75 mm O.D. or less enclosed within the boiler setting, use of these materials at these temperatures is not current practice.

T4 Time-Dependent Properties

Allowable stresses for temperatures of 480°C and above are values obtained from time-dependent properties.

--

Creep rupture strength for 100000 h [MPa]:

### Tensile strength and yield stress at ambient temperature:

Diam./...	Tensile str...	ReH.....	Rupture.....	Rupture.....
Thickn...	Rm min.....	Rm max.....	elong.....	elong.....
<= mm	MPa.....	MPa.....	längs %	quer %
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

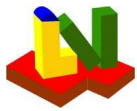
K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn...	50°C.....	100°C.....	150°C.....	200°C.....	250°C.....	300°C.....	350°C.....	400°C.....
<= mm	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....
.....	.....	118.....	118.....	118.....	118.....	118.....	118.....	118.....

K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn...	450°C.....	500°C.....	550°C.....	600°C.....	650°C.....	700°C.....	800°C.....	.....
<= mm	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....
.....	114.....	74.7.....	36.5.....	17.6.....	8.08.....	.....	.....	.....





# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

## Modulus of elasticity in dependence of the temperature:

Static modulus of elasticity in [kN/mm<sup>2</sup>] at the temperature of

650..	-75..	-200..	-125..	25..	100..	150..	200..	250..	300..	350..	400..	450..	500..	550..
150..	210..	218..	213..	204..	200..	197..	193..	190..	186..	183..	179..	174..	169..	164..

Static modulus of elasticity in [kN/mm<sup>2</sup>] at the temperature of

600.....	700.....	.....	.....	.....
157.....	142.....	.....	.....	.....

## Coefficient of linear expansion:

Thermal coefficient of expansion between 20°C and

Density (20 °C)	100°C..	200°C..	300°C..	400°C..	500°C..	600°C..	700°C..	800°C..	Heat...	Heat...
kg/dm <sup>3</sup>	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	cond...	capac...
7,85..	12,1..	12,7..	13,3..	13,8..	14,4..	.....	.....	.....	W/Km...	J/kgK...

Section 6: Boden/UG32

## Material specification:

Regulation:	ASMET1A:2017Spec. No.:	SA-516	Product:	Plate
Material code:	K02700-SA-516-70-Class:-Size:		Short name:	Carbon steel

## Design conditions and dimensions:

Temperature [°C]:	148,89	Pressure [bar]:	0
Thickness [mm]:	28,58	Outside diameter [mm]:	2343,15

## Material values for test and design conditions:

	Test condition	Operating condition
Nominal design strength [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]:	138,00	138,00
Safety factor:	1,00	1,00
Allowable stress [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]:	138,00	138,00
Modulus of elasticity [kN/mm <sup>2</sup> ]:	202	195,0666

### Notes:

G10 General Requirements

Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above 425°C, the carbide phase of carbon steel may be converted to graphite. See Nonmandatory Appendix A, A-201 and A-202.

### S1 Size Requirements

For Section I applications, stress values at temperatures of 450°C and above are permissible but, except for tubular products 75 mm O.D. or less enclosed within the boiler setting, use of these materials at these temperatures is not current practice.

### T2 Time-Dependent Properties

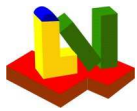
Allowable stresses for temperatures of 400°C and above are values obtained from time-dependent properties.

--

Creep rupture strength for 100000 h [MPa]:

## Tensile strength and yield stress at ambient temperature:

Diam./.....	Tensile str....	.....	ReH.....	Rupture.....	Rupture.....
Thick.....	Rm min.....	Rm max.....	.....	elong.....	elong.....
<= mm.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	längs %.....	quer %.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....



# ASME BPVC VIII-1 2017 E4.3.1-2-3-4-5 -PTB-4-2013

K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn...	50°C.....	100°C.....	150°C.....	200°C.....	250°C.....	300°C.....	350°C.....	400°C.....
<= mm...	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....
.....	.....	138.....	138.....	138.....	138.....	136.....	128.....	101.....

K-values as function of the temperature

Diam./.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thickn.....	450°C.....	500°C.....	550°C.....	600°C.....	650°C.....	700°C.....	800°C.....	.....
<= mm.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....	MPa.....
.....	67.1.....	33.6.....	12.9.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

## Modulus of elasticity in dependence of the temperature:

Static modulus of elasticity in [kN/mm<sup>2</sup>] at the temperature of

-75...	-200...	-125...	25...	100...	150...	200...	250...	300...	350...	400...	450...	500...	550...
209...	216...	212...	202...	198...	195...	192...	189...	185...	179...	171...	162...	151...	137...

## Coefficient of linear expansion:

Thermal coefficient of expansion between 20°C and

Density	100°C..	200°C..	300°C..	400°C..	500°C..	600°C..	700°C..	800°C..	Heat...	Heat...
(20 °C)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	cond...	capac...
kg/dm <sup>3</sup>	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	10E-6/K	W/Km...	J/kgK...
7,85...	12,1...	12,7...	13,3...	13,8...	14,4...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....